| Achievement | Number: Level Four                        | Number: Level Five  |             |
|-------------|---|---|-------------|
| Objectives  | Number Strategies and Knowledge AO3:      | Number Strategies and Knowledge AO2:  | AC          |
| •           | Find fractions, decimals, and percentages | Use prime numbers, common factors and multiples, and powers [including square         |             |
|             | of amounts expressed as whole numbers,    | roots].   | FA          |
|             | simple fractions, and decimals            | Number Strategies and Knowledge AO3:  |             |
|             | Number Strategies and Knowledge AO6:      | Understand operations on fractions, decimals, percentages, and integers.              | AA          |
|             | Know the relative size and place value    | Number Strategies and Knowledge AO4:  |             |
|             | structure of positive and negative        | Use rates and ratios  | <b>Δ</b> ۸۸ |
|             | integers and decimals to three places     | Number Strategies and Knowledge AO5:  |             |
|             |   | Know commonly used fraction, decimal and percentage conversions                       |             |
|             |   | Number Strategies and Knowledge AO6:  | AF          |
|             |   | Know and apply standard form, significant figures, rounding, and decimal place value. |             |

| Strategies being<br>developed  | Problem progression  | References   | Knowledge being<br>developed   | Resources  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Find equivalent ratios by<br>identifying common whole<br>number factors and express<br>them as fractions and<br>percentages (ratios),<br>e.g. 16:48 is equivalent to<br>2:6 or 1:3 (8 and 16 as<br>common factors), 1:3 means<br>$\frac{1}{4}$ or 25 % | Mixtures with same units,<br>e.g. litres of cordial to litres<br>of water.<br>6:9 as 16:24 as 2:3<br>$(\frac{2}{5} = 40\%)$<br>8:24 as 12:36 as 1:3<br>$(\frac{1}{4} = 25\%)$<br>20:12 as 45:27 as 5:3<br>$(\frac{5}{8} = 62.5\%)$<br>9:12 as 3:4 or 15:20<br>$(\frac{3}{7} = 42.86\%)$<br>28:35 as 4:5<br>$(\frac{4}{9} = 44.\overline{4}\%)$ | Teaching Fractions, Decimalsand Percentages (Book 7)Introduction (53-56)Extending Hotshots (56-60)Extending Mixing Colours (61-62)Figure It OutPR 3-4.1 Top Shoot (24)PR 3-4.2 Flavoursome (6)PR 3-4.1 da Vinci's Ratio (24) | Say the forward and<br>backwards decimal word<br>sequences by thousandths,<br>hundredths, tenths, ones,<br>and tens, starting at any<br>decimal number | Teaching Number<br>Knowledge (Book 4)<br>Place Value Houses (5)<br>Number Fans (4)<br>More Reading of<br>Decimal Fractions (9)<br>Using Calculators (14) |

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| Strategies being<br>developed  | Problem progression  | References   | Knowledge being<br>developed                     | Resources   |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| Add and subtract<br>fractions and mixed  | $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{19}{15} = 1\frac{4}{15}$ $\frac{7}{5} = \frac{5}{5} = \frac{11}{5}$   | Teaching Fractions, Decimals and Percentages (Book 7)  | Say the number one-<br>thousandth, one-          | Teaching Number Knowledge<br>(Book 4)   |
| numbers with<br>uncommon   | $\frac{8}{\frac{3}{8}} + \frac{5}{\frac{6}{6}} = \frac{29}{24} = 1\frac{5}{24}$  | Comparing Apples with Apples (65-67)   | hundredth, one-<br>tenth, one, ten etc           | <u>Number Fans</u> (4)<br><u>Skip-counting on the Number</u>  |
| $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{17}{12} = 1\frac{5}{12}$  | $\frac{14}{10} - \frac{3}{4} = \frac{13}{20}$ $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{7} = \frac{33}{28} = 1\frac{5}{28}$  | Figure It Out<br>NS&AT 3-4.1 <u>Stripping Fractions</u> (8)  | before and after any given decimal               | <u>Line</u> (11)<br><u>Lucky Dip</u> (13)   |
|  | $\frac{7}{3} - \frac{7}{11} = \frac{56}{33} = 1\frac{23}{33}$  |  | number   |   |
| Solve problems that<br>involve multiplying<br>fractions and dividing<br>whole numbers by<br>fractions, recognising<br>that division can result in<br>a larger answer,<br>e.g. $4 \div \frac{2}{3} = \frac{12}{3} \div \frac{2}{3} = 6$ | $1 \div \frac{2}{3} = \frac{3}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{6}$ $1 \div \frac{3}{4} = \frac{4}{3} = 1\frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{6}{12}$ $1 \div \frac{3}{8} = \frac{8}{3} = 3\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{6}{25}$ $4 \div \frac{2}{3} = \frac{12}{2} = 6$ $5 \div \frac{3}{4} = \frac{20}{3} = 6\frac{2}{3}$ $3 \div \frac{3}{8} = \frac{24}{3} = 8$ | Teaching Number sense and<br>Algebraic Thinking (Book 8)<br>Harder Division of Fractions (22)<br>When Small Gets Bigger (24) | Order fractions,<br>decimals, and<br>percentages | Teaching Number Knowledge<br>(Book 4)<br>Packets of Lollies (8)<br>Rocket - Where Will I Fit? (15)<br>Bead Strings (17)<br>Who Has More Cake? (18)<br>Little Halves and Big Quarters<br>(19)<br>Who Wins? (20)<br>Who Gets More? (20)<br>Using Calculators (14) |
|  |  |  |  | Figure It Out<br>N 3-4.1 Waves Win (8)<br>N7/8 4.3 Awesome Athletes (13)<br>N7/8 4.5 Gentle Giants (18)   |

| Strategies being<br>developed   | Problem<br>progression  | References   | Knowledge being<br>developed  | Resources  |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| Solve problems that<br>nvolve multiplying and<br>dividing decimals using<br>place value estimation<br>and conversion to known<br>fractions, e.g.<br>$0.4 \times 2.8 = 1.12 (0.4 < \frac{1}{2})$<br>$8.1 \div 0.3 = 27 (81 \div 3 \text{ intenths})$ | $3.2 \times 0.3 = 0.96$<br>$0.72 \times 8 = 5.76$<br>$0.25 \times 2.4 = 0.6$<br>$15 \times 0.33 = 4.95$<br>$5.6 \div 0.7 = 8$<br>$4.8 \div 1.5 = 3.2$<br>$7.2 \div 0.36 = 20$<br>$0.9 \div 0.03 = 30$<br>$24 \div 36 = 0.\overline{66}$ | Teaching Fractions, Decimals and<br>Percentages (Book7)<br>Folding Fractions and Decimals (63-64)Teaching Number sense and Algebraic<br>Thinking (Book 8)Estimation in Decimal Multiplication and<br>Division Problems (25)<br>Multiplication of Decimal Fractions (37)Figure It Out<br>N 3-4.2 Spring Fever (6)<br>N 3-4.2 Meal Deal (9)<br>N 3-4.3 Dog's Dinner (14)<br>NS@AT 3-4.2 Compatible Multiples (21)<br>NS&AT7/8 4.2 Astronomical Proportions (16)<br>NS 7/8 4.2 Line Up (20)<br>N 7/8 4.5 Body Mass (10) | Recall the number of<br>tenths, hundredths,<br>and one-<br>thousandths in<br>numbers of up to<br>three decimal places | Teaching Number<br>Knowledge (Book 4)<br>Measurement and Zeros (10)<br>Tens in Hundreds and More<br>(27) |

| Transition. Advanced Multiplicative to Advanced Proportional Domain. Ratios and Proportions | Transition: | Advanced | Multiplicative | to Advanced | Proportional | Domain: | <b>Ratios and Proportions</b> |
|---|-------------|----------|----------------|-------------|--------------|---------|-------------------------------|
|---|-------------|----------|----------------|-------------|--------------|---------|-------------------------------|

| Strategies being<br>developed  | Problem progression   | References   | Knowledge being<br>developed                     | Resources   |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| Solve problems with rates<br>using common whole  | Washing cars, picking fruit<br>18 cars in 6 hours.  | Teaching Fractions, Decimals<br>and Percentages (Book7)  | Recall what happens<br>when a whole number or    | Teaching Number Knowledge<br>(Book 4)                   |
| number factors and<br>convertion to unit rates, e.g.<br>490 km in 14 hours is an<br>average speed of 35 k/h<br>(dividing by 7 then 2). | How many in 15 hours? (18:6<br>as 45:15)<br>14:21 as 20:30 as 6:9<br>56:16 as 21:6 as 7:2<br>28:12 as 49:21 as 7:3<br>27:36 as 12:16 as 3:4 | Rates of Change (71-75)<br>Figure It Out   | decimal is multiplied or divided by the power of | Zap (26)<br>Digits on the Move (29)                     |
|  |   | NS 7/8 4.2 Fair Exchanges<br>(13)  | 10   | Figure It Out<br>N 7/8 4.2 L <u>Placing Points</u> (18) |
|  |   | NS 7/8 4.2 <u>Energy Levels</u> (14)<br>N 7/8 4.3 <u>Cycling On</u> (20)   |  |   |
|  |   | N 7/8 4.5 <u>Dreaming of</u><br><u>Millions</u> (9)  |  |   |
|  |   | PR 3-4.1 The Caves of Koor<br>PR 3-4.1 <u>Running Hot and</u><br><u>Cold</u> (1)<br>PR 3-4.2 <u>Deb the Driver</u> (2)<br>PR 3-4.2 <u>Pay Rates</u> (17) |  |   |
| Solve division problems that<br>have fraction answers and<br>express the remainder as a<br>whole number fraction or                    | $30 \div 4 = 7r2 \text{ or } 7\frac{1}{2} \text{ or } 7.5$<br>17 ÷ 3 = 5r2 or 5 $\frac{2}{3}$ or 5. $\overline{66}$                         | Teaching Number sense and<br>Algebraic Thinking (Book 8)<br>Finding Remainders (31)  |  |   |
| whole number, fraction or decimal appropriate to the problem, e.g. $19 \div 8 = 2r3$ or $2\frac{3}{8}$ or 2.375.                       | 43 ÷ 5 = 8r3 or $8\frac{3}{5}$ or 8.6<br>157 ÷ 10 = 15r7 or $15\frac{7}{10}$ or<br>15.7<br>90 ÷ 8 = 11r2 or $11\frac{1}{4}$ or 11.25        | Applying Remainders (32)   |  |   |
|  | $58 \div 6 = 9r4 \text{ or } 9\frac{2}{3} \text{ or } 9.\overline{66}$  |  |  |   |

| Strategies being   | Problem progression  | References   | Knowledge being  | Resources   |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| Combine and partition<br>ratios, and express the<br>resulting ratio using<br>fractions and percentages,<br>e.g. Tina twice as many<br>marbles as Ben. She has a<br>ratio of 2 steelies to 5<br>milkies. Ben's ratio is 3:4.<br>If they combine their<br>collections what will the<br>ratio be?<br>i.e. 2:5 $\oplus$ 2:5 $\oplus$ 3:4 = 7:14<br>= 1:2 | 5:6 $\oplus$ 7:12 = 12:18 = 2:3<br>9:4 $\oplus$ 7:6 = 16:10 = 8:5<br>2:3 $\oplus$ 12:11 = 14:14= 1:1<br>8:5 $\oplus$ 7:5 = 15:10 = 3:2<br>7:2 $\oplus$ 9:4 = 16:6 = 8:3<br>2:5 $\oplus$ 2:5 $\oplus$ 8:5 = 12:15 = 4:5<br>7:3 $\oplus$ 7:3 $\oplus$ 7:3 $\oplus$ 3:7 = 24:16 = 3:2<br>1:3 $\oplus$ 1:3 $\oplus$ 4:5 $\oplus$ 4:5 $\oplus$ 4:5 $\oplus$<br>4:5 = 14:21 = 2:3                      | Teaching Number sense and<br>Algebraic Thinking (Book 8)Sharing in Ratios (43)Ratios with Whole Numbers(42)Figure It OutPR 3-4.1 The Right Mix (22)  | Rounds decimals to the<br>nearest 100, 10, 1, <sup>1</sup> / <sub>10</sub> , or<br><sup>1</sup> / <sub>100</sub><br>e.g., rounding 5234 to<br>nearest 100 gives 5200 | Teaching Number<br>Knowledge (Book 4)<br>Sensible Rounding (28)   |
| Find fractions between two<br>given fractions using<br>equivalence, conversion to<br>decimals or percentages,<br>and proximity to benchmark<br>fractions,<br>e.g. $\frac{3}{5} < \frac{9\frac{1}{2}}{15} < \frac{2}{3}$ , $\frac{9\frac{1}{2}}{15} = \frac{19}{30}$ .  | Find fractions between:<br>$\frac{2}{5}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ , $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{10}$ ,<br>$\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{4}{5}$ , $\frac{3}{5}$ and $\frac{7}{12}$ ,<br>$\frac{5}{8}$ and $\frac{7}{12}$ , $\frac{7}{8}$ and $\frac{9}{10}$ ,<br>$\frac{5}{4}$ and $\frac{6}{5}$ , $\frac{3}{7}$ and $\frac{4}{9}$ ,<br>$\frac{8}{9}$ and $\frac{9}{10}$ , $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{7}{11}$ . | <b>Teaching Fractions, Decimals</b><br><b>and Percentages (Book7)</b><br><u>Feeding Pets</u> (67-68)<br><b>Figure It Out</b><br>NS&AT 3-4.1 <u>Fishy Fractions</u><br>(16)<br>PR 3-4.2 <u>Just Right</u> (8)<br>PR 3-4.2 <u>Fruit Proportions</u><br>(20)<br>PR 3-4.2 <u>Ratio Rip</u> (10)<br>PR 3-4.2 <u>Laser Blazer</u> (12) | Recall fraction ⇔ decimal ⇔<br>percentage conversions for<br>fractions in common use,<br>e.g., eighths, tenths,<br>twentieths  | Teaching Number<br>Knowledge (Book 4)<br>Equivalent Fractions,<br>Decimals and Percentages<br>(21)<br>Difficult Fractions to<br>Percentages (21)<br>Figure It Out<br>N 3-4.1 Bottle Ups (10)<br>NS 7/8 4.2 Pizza Pieces (19)<br>N 7/8 4.5 Percentage Passes<br>(22) |

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| Strategies being developed   | Problem progression  | References  |
|--|--|---|
| Solve measurement problems with fractions<br>by using equivalence and reunitising the<br>whole (one),<br>e.g. $\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{2}{3} = \frac{9}{12} \div \frac{8}{12} = \frac{9}{8} = 1\frac{1}{8}$ lots of two<br>thirds.  | $\frac{7}{8} \div \frac{1}{4} = \frac{7}{8} \div \frac{2}{8} = \frac{7}{2} = 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ units of one quarter.}$ $\frac{4}{5} \div \frac{1}{2} = \frac{8}{10} \div \frac{5}{10} = \frac{8}{5} = 1\frac{3}{5} \text{ units of one half}$ $\frac{9}{10} \div \frac{3}{4} = \frac{18}{20} \div \frac{15}{20} = \frac{18}{15} = 1\frac{1}{5} \text{ units of three quarters}$ $\frac{7}{8} \div \frac{2}{3} = \frac{21}{24} \div \frac{16}{24} = \frac{21}{16} = 1\frac{5}{16}$ $\frac{1}{4} \div \frac{2}{5} = \frac{5}{20} \div \frac{8}{20} = \frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{3}{10} \div \frac{3}{4} = \frac{6}{20} \div \frac{15}{20} = \frac{6}{15} = \frac{2}{5}$ | Teaching Fractions, Decimals and Percentages<br>(Book 7)<br>Brmmm! Brmmm! (68-71)   |
| Solve percentage change problems, e.g.<br>The house price rises from \$240,000 to<br>\$270,000. The increase is $\frac{$270,000-$240,000}{$240,000} = \frac{$30,000}{$240,000} = \frac{1}{8} = \frac{12\frac{1}{2}}{100} = 12.5\%$ | GST of 12.5 % has been added to these prices.<br>What are the nett prices?<br>\$81 less 12.5% is \$72<br>\$108 (\$96 nett),<br>\$225 (\$200)<br>\$99 (\$88)<br>The house price increases. What is the percentage<br>change?<br>\$125,000 $\rightarrow$ \$150,000<br>\$96,000 $\rightarrow$ \$168,000<br>\$495,000 $\rightarrow$ \$495,000<br>\$333,000 $\rightarrow$ \$444,000<br>\$256,000 $\rightarrow$ \$332,800  | Teaching Number sense and Algebraic Thinking<br>(Book 8)<br>Calculating Percentage Changes (26)<br>Estimating Percentages (26)<br>Figure It Out<br>NS 7/8.2 Gains and Losses (21) |

| Strategies being developed  | Problem progression   | References  |
|---|---|---|
| Estimate and find percentages of whole<br>number and decimal amounts and<br>calculate percentages from given amounts<br>e.g. Liam gets 35 out of 56 shots in. What<br>percentage is that? | 25% of 64 = 16<br>80% of 45 = 36<br>35% of 24 = 8.4<br>65% of 36 = 23.4<br>58% of 82 is about 60% of 80 = 48 (actual 47.56)<br>77% of 38 is about 75% of 40 = 30 (actual 29.26)<br>32 out of 48 is about 32 out of 50 = 64% (66.6%)<br>32 out of 39 is about 32 out of 40 = 80% (82%)<br>22 out of 29 is about 22 out of 30 which is $3\frac{1}{3} \times 22$<br>= 77% (75.8%)  | Teaching Number sense and Algebraic Thinking<br>(Book 8)Percentage Problems in Two Steps (27)Percentage Increases and Decreases in One Step (27)Reverse Percentage Problems (44)Inflation (45)50% On is Not the Same as 50% Off! (45)GST Rules (46)Figure It OutN 3-4.2 Flying Home (2)N 7/8 4.3 Purchasing Payments (11)PR 3-4.2 Fully Grown (9) |
| Predict which divisions result in<br>terminating and non-terminating decimals<br>using prime factors  | Find prime factors of 20, 16,25,28,15,40,18,36,70<br>Find which divisions result in terminating and non<br>terminating decimals:<br>$1 \div 16 = \Box, 1 \div 25 = \Box, 1 \div 28 = \Box, 1 \div 15 = \Box, 1 \div$<br>$40 = \Box, 1 \div 18 = \Box, 1 \div 36 = \Box, 1 \div 70 = \Box$ .<br>Why do these fractions result in terminating or<br>non-terminating decimals?<br>$\frac{3}{15} = 0.2, \frac{5}{15} = 0.\overline{33}$<br>$\frac{9}{18} = 0.5, \frac{2}{18} = 0.\overline{11}$ | Teaching Number sense and Algebraic Thinking<br>(Book 8)<br>Recurring and Terminating Decimal Fractions (38)<br>Figure It Out<br>NS&AT 3-4.2 Non-stop Ninths (12)   |

| Strategies being developed   | Problem progression   | References   |
|--|---|--|
| Solve problems with inverse rates,<br>e.g. 4 people can paint a house in 9 days. How<br>long will 3 people take to do it?<br>It takes 36 people days to paint the house so it<br>will take 3 people 12 days. | Building houses:<br>5 people take 4 days. How long will 2 people<br>take?<br>(10 days)<br>4 people take 7 days. How long will 14 people<br>take?<br>(2 days)<br>6 people take 6 days. How long will 8 people<br>take?<br>(4 $\frac{1}{2}$ days)<br>It takes 3 hens 4 days to lay 6 eggs. How long will<br>it take 5 hens to lay 10 eggs?<br>(4 days)<br>It takes 8 workers 7 days to build 1 house. How<br>long does it 6 workers to build 3 houses? (56<br>days) | Teaching Number sense and Algebraic Thinking<br>(Book 8)<br>Comparing by Finding Rates (43)<br>Inverse Ratios (43)<br>Figure It Out<br>PR 3-4.2 <u>Balancing Act</u> (4) |
| Solve problems using trigonometry, e.g. What is<br>the angle of take-off for an aeroplane that has a<br>height of 670 metres above ground level after<br>flying a total distance of 2604 metres?             | Teaching Fractions, Decimals and Percentages<br>(Book 7)<br><u>Tree-mendous Measuring</u> (76-83)   |  |